

Figure 1 shows a 4x24 grid representing a Latin square. The columns are numbered 1 to 24. The rows are labeled with letters A, B, C, D from top to bottom. The grid contains letters A, B, C, D in a pattern that repeats every 6 columns. Specifically, the first 6 columns contain A, B, C, D in the first row; B, C, D, A in the second row; C, D, A, B in the third row; and D, A, B, C in the fourth row. This pattern repeats for the next 6 columns, and so on, with a slight shift in the second and fourth rows for the final 6 columns.

Figure 1 is a 24x4 grid representing a 24-hour period. The grid is divided into four 6-hour blocks. The top row shows the time of day (A, B, C, D, E, F). The bottom row shows the day of the week (G, H, I, J, K, L). The grid contains various colored squares (green, orange, black) and letters (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L) indicating specific events or data points.

Figure 1 shows a 24x4 grid representing a 24-hour day with 4 time slots. The grid contains letters A, B, C, D, E, F, G. Some cells are highlighted in green (A), orange (A), or black (B, C, D, E, F, G). The letters are arranged in a pattern that suggests a specific sequence or schedule.